

SIX DOLLARS
PER QUARTER

Considered:

UNION LINE.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
MIDDLESBRO', LONDON, PENANG
AND SINGAPORE.

"EUPHRATES."
Captain J. Edward, having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the undersigned for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

The steamer is berthed at Kowloon Piers and Cargo impeding her discharge will be at once landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense, and no Fire Insurance will be effected.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 23rd instant, or they will not be recognized.

RUSSELL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 15th May, 1891

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM
NAVIGATION COMPANY.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM TRIESTE. PORT SAID. SUEZ
JEDDAH. SUAKIM. MASSAWAH.
HOEDEDA. ADEN. BOMBAY.

COLOMBO, PENANG, AND
SINGAPORE.
THE Steamship
"THISR"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of opium, are being landed at their risk into the Godowns known as The Hongkong Wharf and Godowns, Wanchai, whence delivery may be

obtained.
 Consignees wishing to receive their Goods
 on the Wharf are at liberty to do so.
 This vessel brings on Cargo:—
 From Calcutta and Madras, ex S.S.

"SELENE," transhipped at Colombo.
From Trieste, ex S.S. "IMPERATRIX,"
transhipped at Bombay.
No Claims will be admitted after the Goods

No Fire Insurance has been effected, and any Goods remaining in the Godowns after the 21st inst., will be damaged and the loss must be sent in to the Undersigned before NOON on the 21st inst., or they will not be recognized.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,
 Agents.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1891. 729

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

S.S. "STUTTGART,"
FROM BREMEN AND PORTS OF CALL.
THE above named steamer having arrived

Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk in the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown

Optional cargo will go on to Shanghai unless notice to the contrary be given before 5 p.m. to-morrow the 15th inst.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 22nd Inst. will be subject to rent.

left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on Thursday, the 21st inst., at 4 P.M. All Claims must reach us before the 22nd instant, or they will not be recognized. No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
MELCHERS & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 14th May, 1891. [4

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG, AND
SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Steamship
"JAPAN"
are hereby informed that their goods are being
landed at their risk into the Hongkong and Kow-
loon Wharf and Godown Company's Godown.

Cargo remaining undelivered after the 19th instant, will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Consignees are also hereby informed, that all claims must be made before the departure of the steamer, otherwise they will not be entertained. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,

Hongkong, 11th May, 1871. [714
EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN STEAM-
SHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
FROM KOBE.
THE Steamship
"GUTHRIE"

Captain Shannon, having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the undersigned for countersignature and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from along

Cargo Impeding the discharge of the Steamer will be at once landed into the Kowloon Godowns and stored at Consignees' risk and expense, and no Fire Insurance will be afforded.

All claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 20th instant, or they will not be recognised.

RUSSELL & Co.,
 Agents.

Hongkong, 13th May, 1891. Agents. [715]
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamship
"CITY OF RIO JANEIRO"
are hereby notified that their goods are being
landed and stored at their risk in the Company's

Godowns at Wanchai, from whence delivery may be obtained on countersignature of Bills of Lading.

~~Goods remaining undelivered after the 20th instant, will be subject to rent.~~

No Fire Insurance is effected.
J. S. VAN BUREN,
Acting Agent.
Hongkong, 23rd May, 1891. [1

the 1990s, the number of people in the United States who are 65 years of age or older is projected to increase from 20 million to 30 million, and the number of people 75 years of age or older is projected to increase from 10 million to 15 million (U.S. Census Bureau, 1996).

Journal of Management Studies, 19(1), 67-80.

[illegible]

Intimations.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, LIMITED,
DISPENSING CHEMISTS, &c.
CHEMISTS AND AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.

A REFRESHING WHOLESOME DRINK.

DAKIN'S

LEMON SQUASH.

A VERITABLE LEMON SQUASH
AERATED, COOLING, THIRST
QUENCHING.

PER DOZEN 50 CENTS.

(Telephone No. 60.)

Nos. 22 & 24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Hongkong, 4th May, 1891.



BY APPOINTMENT.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED
WATERS.

Our New Factory has been recently refitted
with automatic Steam Machinery of the
latest and most approved kind, and
we are well able to compete in
quality with the best
English Makers.

The purest ingredients only are used, and the
most careful and cleanliness are exercised
in the manufacture throughout.

LARGE BOMBAY

"SODAS"

We continue to supply large bottles as
heretofore, of Extra Charge, to those of
our Customers who prefer to have them to the
ordinary size.

COAST PORT ORDERS,
whenever practicable, are despatched by first
steamer leaving after receipt of order.

For COAST PORTS, Waters are packed and
placed on board ship at Hongkong prices, and
the full amount allowed for Packages and Empties
when received in good order.
Counterfoil Order Books supplied on applica-
tion.

Our Registered Telegraphic Address is,
"DISPENSARY, HONGKONG,"
And all signed messages addressed thus
will receive prompt attention.

The following is a List of Waters always
kept ready in Stock:

PURE AERATED WATERS
SODA WATER
LEMONADE
POTASH WATER
SELTER WATER
LITHIA WATER
SARSAPARILLA WATER
TONIC WATER
GINGER ALE
GINGERADE.

No Credit given for bottles that look dirty,
or grasy, or that appear to have been used
for any other purpose than that of Containing
Aerated Water, as such bottles are never used
again by us.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED,
Hongkong, China, and Manila.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

SUBSCRIBERS TO "THE HONGKONG
TELEGRAPH" ARE MOST RESPECTFULLY
REMINDED THAT ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS
MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1891.

TELEGRAMS.

THE FINANCIAL CRISIS IN PORTUGAL.

LONDON, May 14th.
The excitement on the London Exchange
has lessened, but the financial crisis at Lisbon
continues.

THE "GRAND OLD MAN."
Mr. Gladstone is progressing favourably.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

**MONDAY next (Whit-Monday) being a Bank
Holiday, there will be no issue of the Hongkong
Telegraph.**

The "Military Mummies" will give another
performance at the Garrison Theatre this evening,
commencing at nine o'clock.

We are glad to observe from the Canadian
Pacific Co.'s advertisement that Messrs. Dodwell
and Carill have been appointed Agents for their
mail line in Hongkong and China.

A REGULAR meeting of Perseverance Lodge,
No. 1165, E.C., will be held in Freemasons' Hall,
Zealand Street, this evening, at 8.30 for
9 o'clock precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially
invited.

Mrs. Runem of the Kue: "Gretchen, I am
told Hans has given you a beautiful engage-
ment ring. Where is it?" Gretchen: "Oh,
Hans wears it himself. He was afraid I lose him
and another fellow."

We would remind our readers that Mrs. Potter
and Mr. Bell will give their opening entertain-
ment at the Theatre Royal, City Hall, this
evening, commencing at nine o'clock. There
will be a large attendance and the performance
will be a re-creation of dramatic art to Hongkong
play-goers.

THE Magazine Gap road from the Peak is
reported to be in a wretched state owing to the
absence of any retaining walls, and the
earth from above has fallen down all over the
road-way.

JOHNIV: "I wonder why I can't make my kite
fly?" Elder Sister: "Perhaps the causal
appendage is disproportionate to the superficial
area." "I don't think that's it. I believe there
isn't weight enough on the tail."

We are informed by the Agents (Messrs. Arnold,
Karberg & Co.) that the China Shipper's Mutual
S.N. Co.'s steamer *Peking*, from London and
Liverpool, left Singapore for this port yesterday,
and may be expected on or about the 20th inst.

"It's getting quite dark now," remarked
Obadiah as they sat in the front of the Bay
View House. "Yes," she answered with a
touch of scorn as she surveyed the distance
between them, "One might imagine you were
afraid of the dark."

The last few days have been very stormy up
the Canton river, thunderstorms of great violence
being accompanied by high winds. Steamboats
arriving from Canton report passing many over-
turned sampans and junks. In one case, we
hear, twenty lives were lost.

We are desired to draw attention to the fact that
the Post Office will be closed on Whit Monday,
except from 7 to 9 a.m. The night-box will be
left open for posting purposes. There will be no
Peak or Kowloon delivery. The Money Order
office will be entirely closed.

COLONEL LO SING KWAN, nephew of H. E. Liu
Ming Chuan, and Commander of the Forces at
Keelung, Tamsui and Twatua (the capital),
arrived here by the transport *Smith* this morning
from Tamsui. The gallant colonel is, it is
said, on a special mission to the Viceroy of the
Liang Kwang.

We have serious thoughts of making the
Telegraph an illustrated newspaper. The
Hongkong Trading Company most liberally
offers to provide the illustrations, and sends us
a specimen which will be found in our advertising
columns. There are millions in this idea, and
we only hope we may get 'em.

We learn that five and a quarter inches of rain
fell in Swatow yesterday between 11 a.m. and
p.m. This is the heaviest downpour yet
recorded on the Customs meteorological records
of that port. The British consular constable's
garden wall was carried away by the foaming
torrents and several Chinese houses were utterly
wrecked.

MR. P. S. HAMEL, Consul-General for the
Netherlands at Amoy and Swatow, accompanied
by Mr. J. Rhein, Secretary of Legation, paid an
official visit to the Viceroy of the Two Kwangs
at Canton yesterday. His Excellency was not
proud of seeing Mr. Hamel, but that gentle-
man, whose independent example might with
advantage be imitated by our British consular
officers, was neither to be bow-bent nor neg-
lected. He insisted on his right to an interview
and, of course, Li Han-chang had to give way.
We shall have to something to say regarding
the object of Mr. Hamel's mission later on.

DICKY'S "Law of the Constitution" says that
"Bradlaugh re-discovered the law of main-
tenance; elucidated the law of blasphemy;
explained the character of a penal action; enabled
us to define with precision the relation between
the House of Commons and the courts of the
land; has gone far to make intelligible the legal
character and solemnity of an oath. His failure
or success are from this point of view at least
equally advantageous to the nation, and will,
we may rely with confidence, equally ensure
to him his appropriate reward. He will obtain,
or rather he has obtained legal immortality."

MRS. POTTER and Mr. Bell will give an
entertainment at the Shamen Hotel, Canton,
on Monday evening next. The following will
be the programme:—

Act I.—Scene V. "Scene VII."
Act II.—Scene I. "Scene II."
Act III.—Scene I. "Scene II."
Act IV.—Scene I. "Scene II."
Act V.—Scene I. "Scene II."
Act VI.—Scene I. "Scene II."
Act VII.—Scene I. "Scene II."
Act VIII.—Scene I. "Scene II."
Act IX.—Scene I. "Scene II."
Act X.—Scene I. "Scene II."

MISS JESSIE ACKERMAN, the vigorous temperance
advocate, who keeps the road clear for her
cause by biting adverse critics with her um-
brella, gave a well-padded lecture, on "The
Women of Asia," on the 10th inst., when, says
the *Sydney Bulletin*, she was assisted by well-
known Sydney ladies on the platform. The lecture
was not all original, being mostly cut-and-dried
information to be found in any book of Eastern
travel, but it seemed to suit the audience, which
was headed by Bishop and Miss Saunders
Smith, and the Sydney ladies were all there to
be looked at. One temperance Yum Yum
(though she hadn't the Nellie Stewart toddle)
looked very Japanese, pale and ill, in grey silk
gown beautifully embroidered, but fortunately
without three pins in her hair. Her husband
never had done in a Christian gathering. And
then we had a model of a Chinese bride, a silent
figure robed in red from head to heel, topped by
a flat, red hat, the face entirely concealed by a
fringe, which drew forth plying remarks all
round; but I couldn't help thinking how much
more modest she looked than our own decolette
sacrifices on the altar of Hyman.

SINCE the new Gambling Ordinance came into
operation the fortunes of the Chinese gambling
houses where *pat-hau* and *pat-tis* are played,
are on the wane. Indeed we are informed that
there is not now a gambling house in the East,
and the Central district is becoming rapidly
cleared. Not to be behind his colleagues, Inspector
Mackie, who looks after the Western district,
bids fair to make that portion of the city as
law-abiding as the rest. This morning, at the
Police Court, before Mr. A. G. Wise, he filled
the court room with no less than two score of
Chinese, whom he arrested last night in a
gambling house in High Street. After the
whole of the defendants had been arranged
in proper order, which was about as easy
as leading a flock of sheep to the slaughter,
the details of the charge were given. The
usual tables, chairs, cards and dominoes
were produced, as also the fabulous amount of
fifty-eight cents and forty-eight cash. The
charge being proved, they were individually
asked what they had to say in their defence,
when almost every one pleaded that they went
there to look for their friends. The master was
fined \$25, or a month's imprisonment if three boys
and said that they were only fifteen, were ordered
to receive half-a-dozen strokes each, and the rest
were fined \$5 apiece, with the alternative of
fourteen days imprisonment. They all went to
Gao, being unable to pay their fines, at which
rate the "Hermitage" will get pretty crowded
soon if Mackie isn't assassinated.

ST. PETER'S SEAMEN'S CHURCH.—The Mission
steam-launch *Day Spring* will call alongside
vessels holding out pennant C between 9 and
10.30 a.m. on Sunday to convey men ashore to
the 11 o'clock service, returning about 12.30.

THE Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial
Hospital begs to acknowledge with thanks the
following donations to the funds of the Hospital:—
H.K. & Shanghai Banking Corporation, \$100
Messrs. Carlisle & Co., 25
W. C. Barlow, Esq., 5

"WHERE did you get that umbrella?" fiercely
demanded one "broker" of another in Queen's
Road this morning, as he recognized a familiar-
looking rain protector. "Before I answer that,"
retorted the other, calmly, "suppose you tell me
where you obtained it originally." Then the
first questioner slunk.

THE Band of the A. & S. Highlanders will play
the following programme in the Public Gardens,
on Monday, the 18th inst., from 3.30 to 10 p.m.
(weather permitting):—

March "The Vigilante".....Grove.
Waltz "The Vigilante".....Waldorf.
Selection "Gondoliers".....Gondoliers.
Carnegie "The Vigilante".....Gondoliers.
Pavane "The Vigilante".....Gondoliers.

It is recorded in the papers that a N.Z. man who
had had his leg amputated under chloroform
calmly smoked his pipe three-quarters of an hour
after the operation. As an example of pluck this
altogether pales before the case (several years
ago) of one Houtings, of Western Victoria,
who, having had both arms dreadfully crushed
in a machine, declined to take chloroform, and
smoked his pipe while both limbs were being
amputated by a surgeon. Next please.

LAST week the French flag ship *Triomphante*
called at Keelung and remained there for five
days, during which time she landed a large
number of men who cleared a site and laid down
a foundation for a huge monument to the memory
of the French soldiers who fell in the fatal assault
upon the Keelung forts during the recent Franco-
China war. The cruiser *Villars* is expected
at Keelung in the course of the next few days
with the monument, which will be brought out
from France by the next Messageries Maritimes
steamer.

A FELLOW named Fortescue, son of Earl
Fortescue, and *alias-de-camp* to Sir W. Jervois
when N.Z. Governor, has been writing in the
Nineteenth Century on "The Seamy Side of
Australia." Ancient which a Sydney Sunday
paper thus says: "A N.Z. country, but a bush
burner asked him to shoot. 'Do you know
who I am?' demanded the late *alias-de-camp*.
'I am the hon. Mr. Fortescue.' 'Don't care a
—if you're the *alias-de-camp* Mr. Fortescue,'
replied the unabashed thirly one. 'I want a
long run as you going to shoot?' Mr. Fortescue
did 'about' and, now, adds our Sunday con-
temporary, he is shouting again.

MEMO. for the Unofficial Members of Council.
In the Sydney Government Gazette of June 10,
1887, the following appears:—On Tuesday
bench of magistrates was convened for the
purpose of receiving under consideration a letter
on the evening before addressed to his Excel-
lency the Governor by Messrs. Lord, Kable, and
Underwood, which was couched in improper
terms, and highly derogatory to his Excellency's
high rank and authority. The Bench, after a
long deliberation, thought it proper to pass
certain resolutions, and to order that the
subscribing parties should be imprisoned for one
calendar month, and each pay a fine of £100 to
the King.

It is understood that his Excellency Liu Ming
Chuan, Governor of Formosa, will not hand over
the seals of office to the *Formosa*, his temporary
successor, until the end of June next. He will
take passage to Nanking in the *Smith*, which
will be escorted by the *Cass* and several
Chinese gun-boats as far as the ancient capital.
Upon arrival at Nanking he will interview the
Viceroy of the Liang Kwang and proceed thence,
overland, to Peking, where he will have audience,
it is said, of the Emperor—the latter being
desirous of seeing with his own eyes the
Governor who succeeded in slaughtering such
large numbers of "rebellious barbarians" and
saving (?) his "island province."

SOPHIA GUNBERG—no connection of China's
own "Gunnibergs"—the last prominent nihilist
who came to grief, was evidently an inveterate
female, and if she had kept her head, in the
crisis of her conspiracy, there would have been
an opening for a new Czar. She was a beautiful
woman, with innumerable lovers, and she con-
sidered China, and especially the south,
unknown to each other to prospect for the Em-
peror with guns or bombs or poison, having first
assured each other that she would marry him
when Alexander was wiped out. In the course
of a few weeks she had about a dozen young
Russians on the Czar's track, and among
them all his chance would not have
amounted to much—only it happened that at
the supreme moment Sophia went the way of
all wrongheaded, and really fell in love. Instead
of sending her last march along with the rest
to go shooting at a monarch, she eloped with
him; and when the other dozen heard of it they
grew dissatisfied and gave the scheme away.
They gave Sophia away, too, and did it so badly
that they saved nothing out of the wreck—not
even themselves. The end of it was that the
lady is imprisoned for life in a dark, damp cell,
and the twelve or fourteen youths who used to
buy her brilliant ideas for her, were round her
house at night for the sake of seeing her all
on the blind, have all been straited off to Siberia.

THE STORM.

The barometer rose slightly to-day, after the
somewhat severe thunderstorm and heavy rain
at noon. The improved system of dealing with
storm-water devised by Mr. Brown after the
experience of May 1889 prevented a repetition
of the general collapse of the roads, but accidents
of other kinds were not wanting.

Yesterday afternoon during a rain squall, a
cargo boat 17, was capsized when just off
the Gas Works, West Point. At the time of the
accident the boat was laden with 400 piculs of
rice, which was in transit from Macao, and there
was a crew of five men on board, the master
having also his wife and four children with him.
The crew of the mission launch *Day Spring*,
which was in the vicinity, witnessed the accident,
and at once went to render all the help they
could. They succeeded in picking up the whole
of the crew, and assisted by Sergeant McDonald,
broke through the bottom of the capsized boat
and rescued the children, but their search for the
woman was unsuccessful, and so far her body
has not been recovered. It is thought for the
assistance of the crew of the *Day Spring*, there is
but little doubt that more lives would have been
saved.

The ruins of the burnt-out buildings at No.
133 and 333 Queen's Road, which had been
released by the Magistrate for the purpose of
pulling them down as being unsafe, fell yesterday
afternoon, thus saving so much labour,
though at the same time nearly ending the
troubles of a few people who were passing at
the time.

During the heavy rains of Thursday the re-
taining wall of the new slaughter house at West
Point, built to hold up the hill, was washed

down, and nearly the whole of it will have to be
rebuilt. The hill is standing yet.
We understand that Tytam and Pokkulum
reservoirs are quite full, the latter, indeed, run-
ning over.

CANTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

May 15th.
The Netherlands Consul from Amoy is here
engaged in diplomatic negotiation with His
Excellency the Viceroy in regard to Swatow
matters, which place is likewise within the
Consular jurisdiction. It is quite refreshing in
these days of Consular immobility or power-
lessness to come across an official courteous and
gentlemanly, and one who does not hesitate to
claim Treaty rights for his nation, and to
control their recognition by the authorities.
"Conciliatory but firm" was a wise motto
practised by Eastern diplomats, but alas!
has long been a dead letter so far as British
interests in China are concerned.

I have chronicled once or twice the progress
the Canton Electric Light Company has made.
Like all companies started in China on foreign
methods, it has had to experience its initial
difficulties of a more or less acute nature,
especially in the matter of location free from
local prejudice or opposition, but it has en-
joyed singular good fortune in this respect,
and within the next three months will make a
practical show, second not even to Hong-
kong, in illuminating this ancient city. I now
have to chronicle a new departure by this
Company in the all-important branch of science
they are developing, viz.:—Electrical power
applied as a propelling agency to launches. On
Wednesday afternoon an extemporized launch
left its length and left beam made an ex-
perimental trip on the river, and proved a
success in every way so far as the exemplifica-
tion of the principle was concerned. It is also
deserving of note that this was the first launch
propelled entirely by electricity which has ever
been seen, I believe, in the Far East. The
whole of the machinery, which will go within
a kerosene oil case, was designed and manu-
factured in Canton by Mr. G. A. Wiese, the
able and energetic superintendent of the Canton
Electric Light Company. The motor was
of a H.P. motor, weighing 250 lbs. only, but
to test the strength of the motor the boat
was fully laden with 21 storage batteries weigh-
ing 1050 lbs. These accumulators were made
by the Pacific Electrical Storage Company
of San Francisco. The launch had on board 5
persons, bringing up its weight to about
2,000 lbs., and although only able to work
at half speed on account of the newness
of the machinery, she was driven at about
38 knots an hour, through the narrow
new launch specially built, and of slightly
smaller dimensions, the same motor will be
used, but fitted with a set of the latest pattern
of primary batteries, weighing only 250 lbs. in all,
and holding solution for 24 hours' continuous
working, and it is expected a speed of at least 9
knots will be attained. The important
consequences, in the near future, of the develop-
ment of this principle as a motive power is
apparent at a glance: no noise, no smoke,
no inconvenience, everything within a small
compass of but a few square feet, and working
as easily as putting the hands of a clock forward
or backward as the vessel is required to go ahead
or astern. Its cheapness in comparison with
steam engine and boiler power likewise bears a
significant ratio.

The thunder storm of yesterday did not pass
off without sundry fatal mishaps. No less than
four large junks in the river were capsized and
sunk, and a number of small boats, which
the city are reported to have collapsed,
while an unfortunate man attempting to gain
shelter at the Customs shed is reported to have
been struck by lightning and killed within a few
inches of that energetic Customs official Mr.
"Intimation" Loft, in fact the shock was so
great as to make the prefix of the first letter in
the alphabet a probable necessity in describing
this officer's possible abode shortly.

SHANGHAI.
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

5th May, 1891.
I hear from Hankow that the reception of
the Russian Princes by the Chinese Officials was
not altogether satisfactory. And indeed the fact
that they were not received in the Viceroyal
Palace at Wu-chang is in itself suspicious. The
Office of Works at Han-yang, where the iron
and steel furnaces are being erected, may be a
place in which to receive native Officials who
have never seen such things, but hardly the
place in which to receive Foreign Princes who
wish to see China as she really is on ordinary
occasions. Again, Prince George appears to have
been treated as a person of no great consequence,
if that is true, that he was carried in a
green chair with four bearers, the same as an
ordinary Chinese Tao-tai or Foreign Consul
uses. It is no doubt the same old story.
China is the first nation on earth! China
has no equals in point of size, population and
political importance; all other nations are
her vassals and are expected to bring her tribute
of some kind. No doubt but the Chinese
historians will soon be boasting their heads as
to the nature of the tribute the Russian Prince
brought when they visited Hankow. The fact
that they condescended to pay a Viceroy, instead
of the Emperor, a visit, is so much in favour
of the assertion that they are tributaries, because
Chinese Viceroy have no equals amongst
ordinary mortals. They are always considered
at least one grade or degree higher than anybody
who calls upon them. It is true that in going
to see Viceroy Chang Chih-tung they went to
the very tip of the Viceroy's class, a man
who under different circumstances might have
had reasonable hopes of one day succeeding to
the Throne of China and to Imperial honours,
hence the homage paid him by the Russian
Princes.

From Nanking I hear that many changes
are likely to take place in the Govern-
ment of that Province. The Admiral Wu, of the
Nan Yang squadron, has already been deprived
of his post. The Tao-tai of Shanghai is now
trembling in his shoes for fear of being sent to
learn the important functions appertaining to
his rank, in the distant province of Kan Su or
elsewhere in Western China. The Chief
Director of the Kiang-nan Arsenal, Liu, is also
under a cloud, having already received notice of
degradation to five degrees below his present
brass rank. All this will very likely give these
gentlemen a less exalted notion of their own
importance and lead or teach them to be a trifle
more considerate towards all those who have
not been so fortunate as themselves, in the

matter of being descended from distinguished
persons, or having made important and
influential connections by marriage alliances,
etc. Every dog must have his day.
The Athletic Sports came off on the Race
Course yesterday, in the midst of a dust storm.
The sun shone in the sky like a disc of silver,
and the sky was obscured with very fine dust
brought over by the recent blow from the deserts
of Mongolia. The sun in consequence did not
show anybody, nor the heat prove relaxing,
in fact the weather was rather the other way, that
is bracing to those who had to undergo violent
exercise in the open air. We will have a flower
show, and Regatta to come off this season, and
if the weather is as good as it was yesterday we
may expect to have some pleasure on those days.
We are glad to hear you are going to build a
Railroad to Canton and hope it will prove a
successful and profitable undertaking for all
concerned.

THE FOREIGN RAILWAY
EMPLOYEES IN
CHINA.

During the past couple of weeks notice have
appeared in the public papers with reference to
what cannot but be considered as a most serious
outbreak of anti-foreign feeling in a field in
which, for China's own sake, it is most essential
that the should have the best foreign assistance
obtainable—in her newly opened and all
struggling railway system in the metropolitan
province. The trouble at Kaiping has culminated
in the voluntary retirement of seven out of the
fourteen English guards, engine drivers, foremen
and other working employees of the Railway and
Mining Companies, and we are not at all sur-
prised, therefore, to hear that His Excellency
the Viceroy of Chihli has issued orders to Mr.
Kisder to engage other Foreigners from whatever
quarter available to fill the places of the men,
who have by reason of the mob violence, which
prevails in the neighbourhood of Tongshan, been
forced to throw up their employment. Several of
the men are now in Shanghai on their way home,
and amongst them are some of the oldest and
most respected employees of both companies.
Men do not voluntarily give up good em-
ployment and good pay without grave reasons,
but from all accounts the ex-employees of
China's pioneer Railway and Mining Com-
panies could not well have remained at
their work in the North, without seriously
jeopardising their lives. For the cause
which have led to the trouble we have
not to go far to seek. They are of a
characteristic Chinese kind, and bear a close
analogy to those which lately caused the retri-
ment from China's navy of Admiral Lang and
other English naval officers serving in Li's fleet.
In the latter case it was the jealousy and ill-
concealed hatred by the Fukienese faction of the
Foreign element in the control and ordinary
management of the ships that for the present
unsatisfactory situation. In the railway
mining district is has been brought about
by the Cantonese element, which has
been largely introduced, both because of their
superior mechanical skill and also because the
directors of the companies show the usual
clannish feeling for their own provincials. The
turbulence and outrageous behaviour of these
gentry will be found a serious stumbling-block to
the future development of these infant industries,
which certainly need all the encouragement and
co-operation they can get, and anything which
causes internal friction is to be avoided, as the
outside opposition is quite enough in itself to tax
all the energies and resources of those who have
taken in hand the building of railways and the
opening of mines in China. But as long as the
Viceroy and those associated with him in these
great tasks permit such outbreaks as that at
Kaiping on the 8th of April, when Mr. Burns,
Inspector of Rolling Stock, was nearly killed
by the Cantonese employees of the Mining
Company, to go unpunished, progress will be
slow and confusion and trouble will add to
the difficulties of the pioneers of such work in
China. So far as we can learn, there seems to
have been no cause whatever for the savage
onslaught of the Cantonese employees of the
Mining Company upon the Railway works, who
had nothing whatever to do with them, and their
clannish and cowardly attitude upon him in the first
instance was caused by simple, hate-motivated
Foreigners. He was leaving the workshop
after his day's duties were finished, when he was
set upon by a number of Cantonese apprentices
and pushed roughly about and assailed with the
usual choice epithets that Chinese roughs know
so well how to use in such cases. He managed to
free himself from the mob, and it is
admitted that in doing so he pushed one of his
assaulters out of his way, as any man would do
under the circumstances. It was nearly noon;
as usual in such cases the Chinese roughs make
the most of this fact, and one of their number
shammed illness, in consequence, as he and his
fellow-roughs alleged, of the push which he had
received. But upon being carefully examined by
Dr. Bamber no traces or mark of any hurt
whatever could be found upon him. An
investigation was held next day into the trouble
at the Directors' office, and it was when leaving
the premises in which the enquiry had been held
that the second and more serious attack was made
upon Mr. Burns. Between three and four hundred
of the Cantonese workmen employed at the mines
set upon him outside the Directors' office and
beat him in the most merciless and brutal
manner with pit-poles and whatever improvised
weapons they could lay hands upon. It was a
case of one man against several hundred, and
there was no hope for him of successfully
resisting the assault. He was nearly soon
mass of cuts and bruises and there is every
reason to believe that had not an engine, driven
by a Kaping man, with whose people the
Cantonese are also at enmity, come along and
scattered the crowd the foreman would have been
barbarously murdered under the very noses of
the Directors of the railway, who showed no
disposition, either through fear or disinclination,
to interfere with their murderous fellow-provin-
cials, either while the unfortunate gentleman
was being held in the hands of the hand-rail of the
locomotive, which despite the shower of stones
from all sides, he clung to as it was slowly
driven away out of range. Mr. Burns was eventu-
ally dragged upon the locomotive by the
engine-driver, to whose pluck he owes his life.
Dr. Bambar at the junction met the engine,
which proceeded direct to Tientsin. The injuries
which Mr. Burns received were of a most serious
character, and it is feared that the shock will
leave its mark upon him for life. So serious was
became the hostility of the Cantonese on the
railway and at the mine, that Foreign overman-
drivers and guards, some twelve or fourteen in
number, immediately held a meeting, and de-
cided to leave Tongshan, and Kaiping and
go to Tientsin until redress was obtained for
the outrageous outrage, the ring-leaders of which
they desired to be punished. After many
delays and attempts to compromise matters the
Directors informed the Foreigners in Tientsin
that the men had been arrested and brought
thence to their work. But it subsequently
transpired that such was not the case, and they
were mobbed and insulted as soon as they set
foot again amongst the Cantonese. So threaten-
ing was the demeanor of these gentry and so
powerless did the Directors seem to be to
control the fierce tide of hostility towards the
Foreigners, that seven of the latter at once

decided to go Tientsin, and said they could no
longer continue to work unless they got protection
against the lawless and infuriated Cantonese,
who openly expressed their intention of driving
every Foreigner away from the place. After
much consultation the Directors concluded that
it would be wiser not to risk further bloodshed
they paid the seven English miners and rail-
way employees to the end of their agreements,
some three or four months' salary, and their
passage-money home. Mr. Burns, who is still
suffering severely from the effects of the
outrage, claimed 18 months' salary and put
his claim in proper form before the British
Consul, Mr. Byron Brennan, a course which
does not appear to have assisted him very much.
In the end he had to accept three months' pay,
which is but poor compensation for the injuries
he sustained and the treatment he received after
four years' services to the new railway. The
Consul, we are informed, utterly declined to take
any steps to secure the punishment of the
assaulters of his national, alleging his power-
lessness to do anything unless he had "twenty
British men-of-war in the Peiho" to support his
demands. The whole matter was laid before
the Viceroy, who also seems unable to control
the Cantonese in his most, of which is the
Mining and Railway districts at least they have
taken charge. But we trust the matter will be
taken up in more influential quarters, for such
outrages upon British subjects in Chinese
employ, whose position is rapidly becoming un-
tenable, must be paid for heavily. The ques-
tion calls for vigorous action and we would most
strongly urge that it should not be overlooked
by those responsible for the protection of
foreigners in China. The railway of the
Shan-hai-Kowloon to Shan-hai-kow and extra
foreign-employees are being engaged; upon all
who contemplate going to the Chinese railway
and mining region we would also impress the
necessity of getting assurances that they will be
protected against the violence of the Cantonese
on their arrival. If nothing is done to obtain
satisfaction for this outrage, their lives will not
be worth much, now that the cry in the North
is "Chihli for the Cantonese."—*Shanghai
Mercury.*

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

PARIS, April 10th.
Advices from Oran are to the effect that an
enormous reservoir of water, 120 feet below the
surface, was discovered at El

question. The United States signed treaties with us, but when the occasion came to put them into action they said they could not consider them, as they were bound by private engagements to their States. Can this ambiguity and violation of covenants last?

"All Europe has backed the note of Marquis di Rudini. The recent cable despatch has proven to the American Government that the Italian Cabinet is not joking and that it is quite equal to the occasion in this emergency. The United States must learn that to hold a position amongst civilized nations it is not enough to have millions of dollars, but it is necessary as the first condition, the *sine qua non*, to be honest."

Secretary Tracy said to-day that the current rumors that orders had been sent to all navy yards to hasten work on vessels, guns, etc., were nonsense. He would not talk on the Italian matter further than to say there was no danger of a conflict.

Baron Fava, the Italian Minister at Washington, called for Europe this morning.

Dr. Rovani, of *Il Progresso Italo-Americano*, stated to-night that he had been authorized by Baron Fava to state for publication that he was only going to Rome on "leave of absence" and that he is still the Italian Minister at Washington.

Dr. Rovani further stated that he believed Secretary Blaine was "most unpolitic" in this affair, but he had been altogether too tricky; that his policy exceeded the limits of diplomacy. Referring to the recent despatches from Rome the doctor said he believes them to be factitious or else that they were sent either by French newspapers or inspired by the Vatican.

In response to a request for his autograph before he sailed, Baron Fava sent the following card to a reporter: "I am satisfied to express my sympathy with the United States."

The principal topic of conversation to-day has been the latest report put in circulation last evening, to the effect that unless the American Government made a speedy reply to Premier Rudini's last note, Minister Porter would be politely requested to leave Rome and the Italian Legation would be recalled from Washington.

Such an attitude on the part of the Italian Government seemed so unreasonable, in view of all the recent developments, that last night's report was at first generally discredited. Many of the newspapers, however, gave it prominence, to-day and asserted the belief that it was substantially correct. They say America will be allowed until April 14th to reply. The original report fixed to-day as the limit.

The original source of the report seems to give it increased plausibility. This, it is learned, was a prominent member of the Chamber of Deputies who is an ardent supporter of Rudini and who is believed to have been actually decided upon the extreme course indicated, it is unquestionable that this course is under discussion in high Government circles, and meets with favorable comment. It may be that the Deputy who started the report supposed that a decision had been reached, when the subject was really only being considered, and it may be that the report was given out to test public opinion before the Cabinet should commit itself absolutely to such a grave step.

Despatches from America hint that Secretary Blaine has already prepared his answer, and that it is thought likely that he has already sent it to Rome instead of through the Marquis Imperiali.

BERLIN, April 15th.

The electoral contest at Gesteemunde, where Prince Bismarck's candidacy for the Reichstag is opposed by candidates belonging to the Socialist and Progressist parties, has assumed the proportions of a great political event. Prince Bismarck has accepted the candidature on the assurance that he will receive a sweeping majority.

Accepting Bismarck's reappearance in the Reichstag as certain, every one asks what his line of action will be when there. He, himself, asserts that he will only act if political events require his intervention. Count Herbert Bismarck has told some of his friends that events seem likely to hasten his father's presence in the Reichstag. The possible views of foreign relations published by the Bismarckian press generally conclude with the suggestion that the Prince's continued absence from politics is bad for the country. No doubt the renewal of the European crisis is the motive for Bismarck's resuming a leading role.

Professor Delbrück, the eminent Free Conservative, in a printed article, predicts misfortune to the Prince or the Government. Either the ex-Chancellor, he says, will overturn the Government to realize his power or he will be crushed, and end his life in gloom and shame.

The *Hamburger Nachrichten* denies that it is the intention of the Prince to offer any violent opposition to the Emperor's foreign policy, but proceeds to give authoritative views on the situation abroad. The *Nachrichten* discloses that the Prince's ideas are strictly opposed to the policy of the Government in the discussion of the question as to whether Prince Bismarck will try to form a party.

Another journal publishes a letter of the Prince to George Winter, in which he says: "Though I desire to see formed a great homogeneous parliamentary majority, I fear it is a vain wish." These expressions clearly denote some intention to attempt to construct a potent parliamentary group.

The Hamburg Socialists threaten to make a riotous demonstration in Gesteemunde on the day of the election. They intend contingents for the purpose of making a lively time.

The exact details concerning the Russian movements on the frontier prove that the increase of troops along the Galician frontier amounts to twelve battalions. The St. Petersburg Government will acquire all the southern Russian railways so as to form a direct line from the Black Sea to the Baltic. The plan is of great strategic importance.

CITY OF MEXICO (via Galveston) April 11th.

Colonel Miguel Lopez, who, it is said, betrayed Maximilian to the Juarez forces, was bitten by a mad dog yesterday, and is now undergoing the Pasteur treatment.

Buenos Ayres, April 11th.

Chief Admiral Solter and several Generals who signed the manifesto against the Mitre-Roca coalition have been arrested and imprisoned for so doing.

SOFIA, April 11th.

It is believed that the assassins of Belicheff, the Bulgarian Minister of Finance, are now in the power of Stamboulouff, the Prime Minister.

LONDON, April 12th.

The latest advices from India concerning the massacre at Manipal are that Commissioner Quinton was decapitated and his body horribly hacked, the limbs being thrown outside the city walls, where they were devoured by dogs. Two officers, whose names are not given, and a bugler were spared. Mr. Grimwood, the British political agent, and two other officers were shot. The bodies of all the victims were brutally mutilated and thrown to the dogs.

PARIS, April 12th.

The leaders of the recent Miners' Congress are arranging to appoint a General Strike Executive Committee, composed equally of representatives of the French, English, German, and Belgian miners. The German miners have decided that in the event of a strike in Belgium they will also strike if the German collieries are asked to supply Belgium with coal. The English

delegates also guarantee to stop exports of coal. If the new system of drawing upon American coal weakens their position, the Executive Committee will open communication with the American unions. The strike agitators in America are being watched with keen interest.

A series of experiments with quick-firing guns has been made at Carcass's great factory in Havre in the presence of French officers and a Russian in the presence of Colonel Samuiloff and the Danish General Linemann. In an interview General Linemann said a large gun was fired nine times in 45 seconds, while another of heavier calibre was discharged seven times in 51 seconds. The results of experiments, he added, justified the belief that the French factories can successfully compete with any of our factories in the world.

In accordance with the opinions of the legal advisers of the Foreign Office, the Chilean cruiser built in France will be turned over to the Government of Balmaceda, under the stipulation that no French crews shall be engaged, and that the only assistance the vessels shall get in France will be permission to coal and complete such equipments as are necessary to enable them to reach Chile. The cruiser Presidente Pinto will be completed in May. The Errazuriz is nearly ready. A British crew, engaged chiefly to strengthen the Chilean marines, is already here under Colonel Villagrin. Herbet, French Ambassador to Germany, has sent to Ribot, Minister of Foreign Affairs, a despatch full of misgivings as to the nature of the relations with the Berlin Foreign Office. He says Chancellor Von Capri treats him with formal politeness, while Emperor William, who was formerly affable, now speaks curily, and has shown positive ill-humor towards Frenchmen whom Herbet has introduced at receptions.

All this which is undoubtedly due to the dissatisfaction with the treatment received by Emperor Frederick in Paris, causes increased anxiety in Government circles here.

Baron Gustave Rothschild has returned from Algeria in precarious health. It is stated that in recent years he has lost 200,000 francs in speculation. He still has a large fortune. He has voluntarily retired from the bank with which he was connected and has been replaced by his son-in-law, M. Lambert. If he had not retired Baron Alphonse Rothschild intended to wind up the business of the bank and start on a new basis.

BERLIN, April 12th.

In a speech at the Marine Academy at Kiel the Kaiser said the navy would play the chief offensive part in the next war, and should endeavor to annihilate the enemy by a grand coup, its duties in this respect resembling those of the cavalry ashore.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 12th.

The Car has renamed most of the regiments of the Russian army after Commanders and Generals notable since the time of Peter the Great, and reserve battalions after the important victories gained by the Russian army. Ten of these battalions are being raised to full regiments, twenty thousand men being thus added to the reserves.

With the recent decrees for the construction of military roads, and a large increase in the fleet, everything points to an unrelenting increase of the defensive forces of the empire.

The *Military Gazette* records important experiments as to the adaptability of new breast-works against an enemy's fire. Such breast-works have been found to be exceedingly valuable. In fact, they are almost impenetrable when water is poured over them so as to form a crust of ice.

DUBLIN, April 12th.

Anti-Parnellites Tanner and Deasy tried to speak at McCroom to-day, but their voices were drowned by the howling and cheering of the Parnellites. The noise was followed by blackthorns and a fight ensued. China followed charge, the advantage resting first with one side and then with the other. Several of the wounded lay on the ground for some time and were trampled upon. The combatants at last rested from sheer exhaustion. Many of the injured are in a serious condition.

ZURICH, April 12th.

General Bibes, who represented the State of Nevada at the Paris Exhibition in 1889, has been sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment in this city for swindling.

HALIFAX, April 12th.

A despatch from King's Cove says 200 families are in a condition of actual starvation.

VIENNA, April 12th.

Emperor Francis Joseph opened the session of the Reichsrath yesterday. In his speech he dwelt upon the desire for peace manifested throughout Europe. He said all the European Governments had given him assurances which denoted that peace was the most essential object of their endeavors. This, he added, combined with the friendly relations now existing between the powers of Europe, justified the hope that peace would prevail for many years to come.

LONDON, April 12th.

A big sensation was caused in the House of Commons to-night by the news that warrants had been issued against two members for gross offences against morality.

One of them is Captain Verney, a retired naval officer belonging to one of the oldest families in Buckinghamshire and a member of the London County Council, who is charged with having lured a woman to lead astray an innocent girl.

Early this year a French woman, who passed under the name of Mme. Florence, was tried and convicted at Old Bailey on the evidence of the young girl whom she engaged in London to go to Paris as a governess, and who, when the girl was lured to London, was induced to marry a man who made improper proposals to her.

Her name was given as Wilson in court. In the evidence he was described as a banker. The girl repelled all of his overtures and shortly afterwards returned to her family in London, to whom she gave the information.

It happened that the procuress is now serving a sentence of eighteen months' imprisonment. Captain Verney turns out to be the principal in this nefarious transaction.

He was a shining light in the Nonconformist body and deeply interested in the young women's Christian associations and other religious bodies. He frequently preached sermons in Exeter Hall. Members of Parliament now recall with surprise the fact that Captain Verney was always a rampant and aggressive advocate of purity, and that he was a leader of a select band of customers who met weekly for a prayer meeting in one of the common rooms of the House.

The other case is even more revolting, as it involves a charge similar to that arising out of the Cleveland scandals. The offender is Edward Samuel Wesley Decobain, who represents the division of Belfast. Decobain is one of the leaders of the Orangemen of Ulster and is also a lay preacher in the churches of Belfast.

The great value of Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites in Wasting Diseases is shown by the accompanying statement from D. C. Freeman, Sydney, Aust.:

"Having been a great sufferer from pulmonary attacks and gradually wasting away for the past two years, it affords me great pleasure to testify that the above medicine has given me great relief, and cheerfully recommends it to all suffering in a similar way to myself. In addition I would say that it is very pleasant to take." Any Chemist can supply it. A. S. Watson & Co. (Ld.), agents in Hongkong and China.

THE GREAT VALUE OF SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES IN WASTING DISEASES IS SHOWN BY THE ACCOMPANYING STATEMENT FROM D. C. FREEMAN, SYDNEY, AUST.

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Intimations.

EMPIRE PALE ALES

EMPIRE EXTRA STOUT

IN FINE CONDITION

CASKS—9 GALL AND 18 GALL

BOTTLED—PINTS AND QUARTS.

List of Prices on Application.

SOLE AGENTS

HONGKONG TRADING CO., LD.

Top-day's Advertisements.

THEATRE ROYAL, CITY HALL.

THIS EVENING, May 16th.

MRS. POTTER AND MR. BELLEW.

Scenes from Shakespeare's Sublime Love Poem

"ROMEO AND JULIET"

JULIET Mrs. POTTER.
Friar Laurence Mr. E. W. MITCHELL.
Apollonius Mr. H. LIGHTWOOD.
Balthazar Mr. JOHN J. HAZELAND.
ROMEO Mr. BELLEW.

Sc. II. Act II.
Sc. VI. Act II.
Sc. V. Act III.
Sc. I. Act IV.
Sc. II. Act IV.
Sc. I. Act V.
Sc. IV. Act V.

Doors Open 8.30. Overture 9 sharp.

Admission \$2 and \$1.
Box Plan at Messrs. KELLY & WALSH.

T. V. TWINNING,
Business Manager.

Hongkong, 16th May, 1891. [722]

GARRISON THEATRE, NORTH BARRACKS.

Under the Patronage of H. F. Major-General G. DIGBY BARKER, C.B., Commanding the Troops in China.

THE "MILITARY MUMMERS"

will give ONE PERFORMANCE of J. PALGRAVE SIMPSON'S SENSATIONAL DRAMA "DADDY HARDACKER," Followed by the Screaming Farce by Charles Selby, "CATCHING AN HEIRRESS," THIS EVENING, (SATURDAY), the 16th May, 1891.

Doors open at 8.30. Commence at 9 p.m.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Reserved Seats \$1.00
First 50
Second 20

FANS AND PUNKERS PROVIDED.

Tickets can be obtained from the Garrison Sergeant Major, Commissariat Buildings.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

No Smoking Allowed.

For Further Particulars see Programme.
Hongkong, 14th May, 1891. [709]

PERSEVERANCE LODGE OF HONGKONG, No. 165, E.C.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zealand Street, THIS EVENING, the 16th instant, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely.
Hongkong, 16th May, 1891. [701]

UNION LINE.

FOR YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

THE Steamship "EUPHRATES," Captain Edwards, will be despatched for the above Ports on MONDAY, the 18th instant, at 4 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, 16th May, 1891. [723]

FORMOSA TRADING CORPORATION.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND TAMSUI.

THE Steamship "SMITH," Captain Lefter, will be despatched for the above Ports on TUESDAY, the 19th inst., at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to TUCK YUE & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, 16th May, 1891. [724]

SECRET

diseases, impotence, are safely cured.

Treatment by letter after receipt of an amplified report, accompanied with postage stamps for answer, to address:

OFFICE SANITAS
57, Boulevard de Strasbourg
PARIS.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY & TAMSUI.

THE Company's Steamship "HAILONG," Captain Roach, will be despatched for the above Ports on TUESDAY, the 19th instant, at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LARRAIK & Co., General Managers.
Hongkong, 16th May, 1891. [716]

THE CHINA SHIPPERS' MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

THE Company's Steamship "PAKLING," R. H. Machugh, Commander, will be despatched as above on or about the 21st inst.

For Freight, apply to ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, 16th May, 1891. [717]

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHINA AND JAPAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS in Hongkong and China for the above Line.

DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.
Hongkong, 15th May, 1891. [718]

Hotels.

BAY VIEW HOTEL.

MR. OSBORNE begs to announce that this convenient half-way House on Shau-ki-wan Road is now open.

The HOTEL commands a beautiful View, and is situated in a cool and breezy spot.

There is a convenient landing jetty opposite the Hotel for launches.

The best Brands of WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., always on Stock. MEALS can be served at any hour. Prompt attendance.
Hongkong, 14th May, 1891. [726]

THE MOUNT AUSTIN HOTEL.

A SELECT FAMILY AND RESIDENTIAL HOTEL, situated 1,400 feet above the sea level, commanding on the one side a magnificent view of the Harbour with the Malakal in the distance, and on the other of hills and mountains, with the sea beyond dotted with islands as far as the eye can reach, surrounded by extensive promenades and pleasure grounds, including three good Tennis Courts. The Mount Promenade alone is nearly an acre in extent, and the Flagstaff in its centre can be seen from a great distance in every direction.

The Hotel is replete with every accommodation for Families and Gentlemen.

The Manager, Mr. ROBERT ISHERWOOD, will be assisted by an Efficient Lady Staff, and the Hotel will be conducted upon the best English system. The accommodation comprises a spacious Dining Hall, Private Dining Rooms, Drawing, Reading, Smoking, Grill, Billiard, and Private Sitting Rooms, with Fifty-four Bedrooms each provided with separate Bath-room and every convenience.

Tramway Tickets will be supplied to Visitors at Reduced Rates.

The Hotel will Open on or about the QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

For terms apply to the Secretary at the Company's Office, 38 and 40, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.
Hongkong, 30th April, 1891. [674]

THE SHAMEN HOTEL

BRITISH CONCESSION, CANTON.

THIS FIRST CLASS HOTEL, admirably situated within a few minutes walk of the River Steamer Wharves, is now open to receive Visitors.

The Bed-rooms are cool, airy and comfortably furnished, and the spacious Dining Room, Sitting Rooms, and accommodation generally will be found equal to the best Hotels in the Far East.

The Table d'Hôte is supplied with every luxury in season, and the cuisine is in experienced hands.

Wines, Spirits, Malt Liquors, &c., of the best quality only.

A. F. DOZARIO, Manager.
Hongkong, 4th November, 1890. [1047]

THE BOA VISTA.

BISHOP'S BAY, MACAO.

THIS House, situated on the sea shore in one of the best and healthiest parts of Macao, and commanding an admirable view facing the South, was OPENED as a HOTEL on the 1st July.

Every comfort will be provided for visitors, with excellent cuisine and choice wines.

Hot, Cold, Shower and Sea Water Baths. Large and well-ventilated Dining, Billiard, and Reading Rooms, and well supplied Bar.

A small dairy is attached to the premises.

Mrs. MARIA B. DOS REINHOS, Proprietress.

NORDDEUTSCHER LOYD.

NOTICE.

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUVA, PORT SAID, BRINDISI, GENOA, ANTERWERP, BREMEN & HAMBURG. PORTS IN THE LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND BALTIC PORTS.

LONDON, NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON, AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

THE COMPANY'S STEAMERS WILL CALL AT SOUTHAMPTON TO LAND PASSENGERS AND LOGGAGE.

N.B.—Cargo can be taken on through Bills Lading for the principal places in RUSSIA.

ON SUNDAY, the 7th day of June, 1891, at 11 A.M., the Company's Steamship "STUTTGART," Captain v. Schuchmann, with MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIES & CARCO, will leave this Port as above, calling at GENOA.

Shipping Orders will be granted till Noon, Cargo will be received on Board until 4 p.m. Specie and Parcels until 3 p.m., on the 6th June. (Parcels are not to be sent on Board; they must be left at the Agency's Office). Contents and Value of Packages are required.

The Steamer has splendid Accommodation, and carries a Doctor and Stewards.

For further Particulars, apply to AGENTS.

Hongkong, 15th May, 1891. [6]

G. FALCONER & CO.,
WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS AND JEWELLERS,
NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS.
No. 41, Queen's Road Central. [611]

NOTICE.

MESSRS. DODWELL, CARLILL & Co. are this day appointed Agents for the GUION STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED in Hongkong, China and Japan.

A. MARSHALL, Special Representative of the Steamship Co., Limited.
Hongkong, 8th May, 1891. [693]

W. S. MARTEN,
ARTISTIC DECORATOR,
4, DUDDELL STREET, HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 6th April, 1890. [32]

Dr. Knorr's ANTIPYRINE.
(Dose for Adults 15 to 25 grains troy.)

IS the most approved and most efficacious remedy in cases of HEADACHE, MIGRAINE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FEVER, TYPHUS, KRYSPIDELAS, HOOPING-COUGH, and many other complaints. It is also the very best Antiseptic. Highly recommended by the medical Faculty. To be had from every reputed Chemist and Druggist. Ask for Dr. KNORR'S ANTIPYRINE! Each Tin bears the inventor's signature, "Dr. KNORR" in red letters.

Supplies constantly on hand at the China Export, Import, and Bank Co.—Sole Agents for China. Beware of spurious imitations!
Hongkong, 9th May, 1891. [444]

Mails.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

THE U. S. Mail Steamship "CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO," will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO, via YOKOHAMA, on TUESDAY, the 19th May, at 1 P.M., taking Passengers and Freight for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States via Overland Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America, by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers.

First-class Fare granted as follows:—
To San Francisco \$225.00
To San Francisco and return 393.75
available for 6 months 325.00
To Liverpool 325.00
To London 325.00
To other European Ports at proportionate rates.

Special reduced rates granted to Officers of the Army, Navy, Civil Service, and the Imperial Chinese Customs, to be obtained on application.

Passengers by this line have the option of proceeding Overland by the Southern Pacific and Connecting Lines, Central Pacific, Northern Pacific or Canadian Pacific Railways.

Passengers, who have paid full fare, re-embarking at San Francisco for China or Japan (or vice versa) within one year will be allowed a discount of 10 per cent. from Return Fare. This allowance does not apply to those who have sailed from China and Japan to Europe.

Freight will be received on board until 4 P.M. the day previous to sailing. Parcel Packages will be received at the Office until 5 P.M. same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo destined to Ports beyond San Francisco, in the United States, should be sent to the Company's Office in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agents of the Company, No. 50A, Queen's Road Central.

J. S. VAN BUREN, Acting Agent.
Hongkong, 25th April, 1891. [1]

Mails.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG, 1891.

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

Empress of Japan | Tuesday... | June 2nd.
Empress of India | Tuesday... | June 30th.
Empress of China | Tuesday... | July 29th.

THE Steamship "EMPEROR OF JAPAN," Captain G. A. Lee, R.N.R., calling at Noon, on TUESDAY, the 2nd June, with Her Majesty's Mails, will proceed to VANCOUVER, via SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, Inland Sea, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.

RATES OF PASSAGE. FROM HONGKONG, FIRST CLASS.

To Vancouver, Victoria, Esquimaux, New Westminster, Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, O., San Francisco \$225.00
To Banff, Calgary \$225.00
To Winnipeg \$275.00
To Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth \$285.00
To Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis, Milwaukee \$295.00
To Detroit, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Hamilton, London, (Ont.), Toronto, Niagara Falls \$305.00
To Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, New York, Albany, Troy, Rochester, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Washington, Boston, Portland (Maine), Halifax, St. John, Liverpool and London \$325.00
To Paris and Bremen \$375.00
To Havre and Hamburg.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of steamers.

Special rates (first-class only) are granted to Missionaries, members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic, and Civil Services, to European officials in service of China and Japan, and to Government officials.

Return Tickets.—First and second class only. Prepaid return tickets to Pacific Coast Ports, and to Eastern and Interior Ports of Canada and U.S.A. will be granted, available for—
12 months at 25 per cent. off Return Fare.
6 months at 50 per cent.
(Time is reckoned from the date of issue to date of re-embarkation at Vancouver.)

Passengers to Pacific Coast Ports and to Interior and Eastern Ports of Canada and U.S.A. not holding prepaid return tickets, but who re-embark at Vancouver within 12 months from date of issue of original ticket, will be allowed 10 per cent. off the return fare.

Prepaid return tickets to Liverpool and London will be issued available for 12 months at \$65 or for 6 months \$57.50.

CARGO.—Through Bills of Lading issued to Japan, Pacific Coast Ports, and to Canadian and United States Ports.

Consular Invoices of Goods for United States Ports should be in quadruplicate, and one copy must be sent forward by the steamer to the care of D. E. Brown, Assistant General Freight and Passenger Agent, Canadian Pacific Railway Company, Vancouver, B. C.

Parcels must be sent to our Office with address marked in full by 5 P.M. on the day previous to sailing.

For further information as to Passage or Freight, apply to ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, 5th May, 1891. [124]

Occidental and Oriental Steamship Company.

TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES, MEXICO, CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE.

THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND ATLANTIC AND OTHER CONNECTING STEAMERS.

THE Steamship "GAELIC" will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama, on SATURDAY, the 30th May, at 1 P.M.

Connection will be made at Yokohama with Steamers from Shanghai and Japan Ports.

All PARCEL PACKAGES should be marked to address in full, and same will be received at the Company's Office until FIVE P.M. the day previous to sailing.

First-class Fare granted as follows:—
To San Francisco \$225.00
To San Francisco and return 393.75
available for 6 months 325.00
To Liverpool 325.00
To London 325.00
To other European Ports at proportionate rates.

Special reduced rates granted to Officers of the Army, Navy, Civil Service, and the Imperial Chinese Customs, to be obtained on application.

Passengers by this line have the option of proceeding Overland by the Southern Pacific and Connecting Lines, Central Pacific, Northern Pacific or Canadian Pacific Railways.

Passengers, who have paid full fare, re-embarking at San Francisco for China or Japan (or vice versa) within one year will be allowed a discount of 10 per cent. This allowance does not apply to those who have sailed from China and Japan to Europe.

Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo destined to Ports beyond San Francisco, in the United States, should be sent to the Company's Office, addressed to the Collector of Customs, San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage or Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 50A, Queen's Road Central.

J. S. VAN BUREN, Acting Agent.
Hongkong, 7th May, 1891. [2]

NOTICE.

MESSRS. DODWELL, CARLILL & Co. are this day appointed Agents for the GUION STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED in Hongkong, China and Japan.

A. MARSHALL, Special Representative of the Steamship Co., Limited.
Hongkong, 8th May, 1891. [693]

W. S. MARTEN,
ARTISTIC DECORATOR,
4, DUDDELL STREET, HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 6th April, 1890. [32]

Dr. Knorr's ANTIPYRINE.
(Dose for Adults 15 to 25 grains troy.)

IS the most approved and most efficacious remedy in cases of HEADACHE, MIGRAINE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FEVER, TYPHUS, KRYSPIDELAS, HOOPING-COUGH, and many other complaints. It is also the very best Antiseptic. Highly recommended by the medical Faculty. To be had from every reputed Chemist and Druggist. Ask for Dr. KNORR'S ANTIPYRINE! Each Tin bears the inventor's signature, "Dr. KNORR" in red letters.

Supplies constantly on hand at the China Export, Import, and Bank Co.—Sole Agents for China. Beware of spurious imitations!
Hongkong, 9th May, 1891. [444]

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A. MARSHALL, Special Representative of the Steamship Co., Limited.
Hongkong, 8th May, 1891. [

Commercial.

LATEST QUOTATIONS.
 Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, cum New Issue, 213 per cent. premium, buyers.
 Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$95 per share, buyers.
 China Fire Insurance Company—\$63 per share, sellers.
 North China Insurance—Tls. 275 per share, buyers.
 Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$115 per share, sellers.
 Yangtze Insurance Association—Tls. 70 per share, nominal.
 On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 150 per share.
 Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$308 per share, sellers.
 China Fire Insurance Company—\$82 per share, sellers.
 Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—\$94 per cent. premium, sellers.
 Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—\$32 per share, sellers.
 China and Manila Steam Ship Company—120 per share, sellers.
 Hongkong Gas Company—\$131 per share, sellers.
 Hongkong Hotel Company—\$120 per share, buyers.
 Hongkong Hotel Co.'s Six per cent. Debentures—\$91.
 Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—25 per cent. discount, buyers.
 Douglas Steamship Company—\$46 per share, sellers.
 China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$185 per share, sellers.
 Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$90 per share, sellers.
 Hongkong Ice Company—\$90 per share, buyers.
 Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—\$75 per share.
 Hongkong Dairy Farm Co., Limited—\$7 per share, sellers.
 A. S. Watson & Co., Limited—\$21 per share, sellers.
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 B—2½ per cent. premium, sellers.
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 C—5 per cent. premium, buyers.
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1886 E—14 per cent. premium.
 Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Limited—\$125 per share, buyers.
 The Hongkong Steam Laundry Co., Limited—\$25 per share, nominal.
 Panjion and Sunghie San Saman Mining Co.—\$24 per share, sales and buyers.
 The Raub Gold Mining Co., Limited—80 cents per share, sales and buyers.
 Imuria Mining Co., Limited—\$10 per share, buyers.
 The Balmoral Gold Mining Co., Limited—\$7 per share, sellers.
 Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company—\$81 per share, buyers.
 Tongkin Coal Mining Co.—\$400 per share, sellers.
 The Hongkong High-Level Tramway Co., Limited—\$125 per share, buyers.
 The East Borneo Planting Co., Limited—\$10 per share, sellers.
 H. G. Brown & Co., Limited—\$51 per share, buyers.
 The Sengul Koyah Planting Co., Limited—\$134 per share, buyers.
 Croickbank & Co., Limited—\$35 per share, nominal.
 The Steam Launch Co., Limited—nominal.
 The Austin Arms Hotel and Building Company, Limited—\$13 per share, sellers.
 The China-Borneo Co., Limited—\$16 per share, sellers.
 The Hongkong Brick and Cement Co., Limited—\$12 per share, sellers.
 The Green Island Cement Co.—\$17 per share, sellers.
 The Hongkong Land Investment Co., Limited—\$86 per share, sellers.
 The Hongkong Electric Light Co., Limited—\$6 per share, sellers.
 Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited—\$14 per share, sales.
 The West Point Buildings Co., Limited—\$30 per share, sellers.
 The Peak Hotel and Trading Co., Limited—\$8 per share, sellers.
 The Labuk Planting Co., Limited—\$25 per share, buyers.
 The Lamag Planting Co., Limited—\$7 per share, buyers.
 The Jolebu Mining and Trading Co., Limited—\$1 per share, sellers.
 The Selima Tin Mining Co., Limited—\$1 per share, sellers.
 The Shamen Hotel Co., Limited—nominal.
 The Kowloon Land Investment Co., Limited—\$15 per share, buyers.
 The Bank of China & Japan & the Straits Ld.—\$17 per share, sellers.
 The Bank of China & Japan & the Straits Ld.—Founders' shares, \$180 per share, sellers.
 The Hongkong Marine Ld.—nominal.
 London and Pacific Petroleum Co., Ld.—\$15, sellers.
 The National Bank of China, Ld.—30 per cent. div., sellers.
 The National Bank of China, Ld.—Founders' shares, \$495 per share, buyers.

EXCHANGE.
 ON LONDON—Bank T. T. 3/4
 Bank Bills, on demand 3/4
 Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 3/4
 Credits at 4 months' sight 3/4
 Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight 3/4
 ON PARIS—Bank, Bills, on demand 3/4
 Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 3/4
 On India, T. T. 3/4
 On Demand 3/4
 ON SHANGHAI—Bank T. T. 7/1
 Private, 30 days' sight 7/2

MAILS EXPECTED.

THE FRENCH MAIL.
 The Messageries Maritimes Co.'s steamer *Oxy*, with the French mail of the 17th ultimo, left Singapore on the 14th instant at 5 a.m. and may be expected here on the 20th.

THE AMERICAN MAIL.
 The O. & C. S. Co.'s steamer *Gastie*, with mails, left San Francisco on the 23rd ultimo, left Yokohama on the 13th instant and may be expected here on the 19th.

THE CANADIAN MAIL.
 The Canadian Pacific Steamship Co.'s steamer *Empress of India* left Vancouver for Japan and Hongkong on the morning of the 9th inst.

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

The Ocean Steamship Co.'s steamer *Lairies* left Singapore on the 15th instant and is due here on the 17th.
 The Ben' One steamer *Buenavista*, from Leth, Middleboro', and London, left Singapore on the 13th instant and is due here on the 19th.
 The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Venitia* left Bombay on the 4th instant at 5 p.m. and is due here on the 21st.

Shipping.

ARRIVALS.
 REINA CRISTINA, Spanish man-of-war, 3090, Captain Inglis, 15th May, Manila 12th May.
 EUPHRATES, British steamer, 1,300, James Edwards, 15th May, London, via Singapore 8th May, General—Russell & Co.
 ACTIV, Danish steamer, 355, H. Hygam, 15th May, Halphong 12th May, and Pakhol 13th, General—A. R. Marty.
 ELSE, German steamer, 747, M. Jebben, 15th May, Manila 12th May, General—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
 BENLARIO, British steamer, 1,456, Le Boutellier, 16th May, Wuhu 9th May, Rice—Gibb, Livingston & Co.
 DONAR, German steamer, 1,015, B. Grundmann, 16th May, Saigon 12th May, General and Paddy—Wiel & Co.
 SMITH, Chinese steamer, 703, H. Lefler, 16th May, Tamsui 6th May, General—Tuck Yee.
 FREY, Danish steamer, 303, C. L. Strand, 16th May, Pakhol 13th May, and Holbow 15th, General—Arnhold, Karberg & Co.

CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.
 Don Juan, Spanish steamer, for Amoy, &c.
 Namo, German steamer, for Swatow, &c.
 Elise, German steamer, for Amoy.
 Maria Berg, German bark, for Newchwang, Vasing, Norwegian bark, for Manila.
 Polux, German steamer, for Saigon.
 Delta, French steamer, for Halphong.
 Lancelot, British steamer, Saigon.
 Gutkrie, British steamer, for Sandakan, &c.
 Talyich, German steamer, for Swatow, &c.
 Trolit, British steamer, for Saigon.
 Arratoon Apar, British str., for Singapore.

DEPARTURES.
 May 15, Sishan, British steamer, for Swatow.
 May 16, Stuttgart, German str., for Shanghai.
 May 16, Arratoon Apar, British steamer, for Saigon.
 May 16, General Winder, British steamer, for Yokohama.
 May 16, Chew-chow-foo, German steamer, for Cheloo.
 May 16, Don Juan, Spanish str., for Amoy, &c.
 May 16, Diamante, British str., for Amoy, &c.
 May 16, Ningbo, German str., for Shanghai.
 May 16, Verona, British str., for Nagasaki, &c.
 May 16, Glenisli, British steamer, for Kobe.

PASSENGERS—ARRIVALS.
 Per *Activ*, str., from Halphong, &c.—1 European and 10 Chinese.
 Per *Euphrates*, str., from Singapore, &c.—15 Chinese.
 Per *Freij*, str., from Pakhol, &c.—46 Chinese.
 Per *Smith*, str., from Tamsui—170 Chinese.
 Per *Donar*, str., from Saigon—56 Chinese.

DEPARTED.
 Per *Bokhara*, str., from Hongkong for Singapore.—Mr. and Mrs. C. Cruys, Mrs. Utah and servant.
 Per *Pennang*—Mr. Theobald and servant.
 Per *Bombay*—Mr. A. N. Gamble, Mr. and Mrs. Hardcastle, Mrs. Ashdown and 5 children, Miss Belcher, Messrs. James Stewart, Blake, W. T. Waters, M. H. Waters, and J. Lewis.
 Per *Marcellus*—Miss Nixon.
 Per *Shanghai* for Bombay—Mr. R. S. Raphael.
 Per *Sydney*—Mr. J. H. Cockedge.
 Per *London*—Mrs. W. R. Carles, infant and amah, Messrs. J. G. Wells, J. Naylor, E. Gregory, Burns, and J. F. Moore.
 Per *Shanghai*, str., for Shanghai—H. E. Hung (Chinese Ambassador), family and servant, Secretary Wong Fung Taso, Attached Ching, Hung, Haue, Haue, Chang, Po, Mrs. Rehder and children, Mrs. M. Schulz, child and servant, Messrs. C. H. King, Arthur Kate, T. S. Tebbitt, Nielsen, E. Kelly, M. Jones, Louis Cacerain, Ng Mai Yan, and B. Rosenbaum.

Per General Winder, str., for Nagasaki—Messrs. P. W. Lindholm and A. H. Ward.
 Per *Hongkong*, str., for Yokohama—Miss A. G. M. Mearns, B. Marshall, Yamamoto, Ernst Krug, A. W. Schellhaas, E. Grobert, Wong Hal Wai, and T. Weston.

REPORTS.
 The British steamship *Bentley* reports that she left Wuhu on the 9th instant. Had moderate variable winds and rainy weather.

Post Office.

A MAIL WILL CLOSE.

For Saigon.—Per *Lancelot* to-morrow, the 17th instant, at 9 a.m.
 For Halphong.—Per *Activ* to-morrow, the 17th instant, at 9 a.m.
 For Swatow and Delin.—Per *Talyich* to-morrow, the 17th instant, at 9 a.m.
 For Saigon.—Per *Polux* to-morrow, the 17th instant, at 9 a.m.
 For Holbow and Pakhol.—Per *Freij* to-morrow, the 17th instant, at 9 a.m.
 For Sandakan, Timor, Port Darwin, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, and Melbourne.—Per *Gutkrie* to-morrow, the 17th instant, at 9 a.m.
 For Yokohama and Kobe.—Per *Euphrates* on Monday, the 18th instant, at 9 a.m.
 For Shanghai.—Per *Choyang* on Monday, the 18th instant, at 9 a.m.
 For Amoy and Manila.—Per *Elise* on Monday, the 18th instant, at 9 a.m.
 For Takow.—Per *Proles* on Monday, the 18th instant, at 9 a.m.
 For Yokohama and San Francisco.—Per *City of Rio de Janeiro* on Tuesday, the 19th instant, at 9 a.m.

SHIPPING IN HONGKONG.

STEAMERS.
 ARYASINIA, British steamer, 1,148, J. C. Williamson, R.N.R., 17th May, Saigon 7th May, Rice—Dodwell, Carill & Co.
 ALWINE, German steamer, 400, Petersen, 3rd May, Pakhol, via Holbow and May, General—Wiel & Co.
 BATAVIA, British steamer, 1,661, J. B. Hill, 17th May, Whampoa 14th May, General—Dodwell, Carill & Co.
 BOWTRY, British steamer, 1,540, Watley, 17th May, Cardiff 16th March, Coals—British Government.
 CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO, American steamer, 3,548, Wm. Ward, 17th May, San Francisco 14th April, Honolulu 23rd, and Yokohama 7th May, Mails and General—P. M. S. Co.
 DELTA, French steamer, 717, Abbal, 17th May, Halphong 10th May, General—Messageries Maritimes.
 FAME, British steamer, 117, Lieut. Wm. G. Comley, R.N.R.—Hongkong Government tender.
 FRITH OF NANSEN, Norwegian steamer, 618, C. A. Lading, 17th May, Newchwang 7th May, Banna—Geo. R. Stevens & Co.
 CHAZEL, British steamer, 1,764, A. Scotland, 10th May, Saigon 7th May, Rice—Dodwell, Carill & Co.
 GLENTRUD, British steamer, 1,036, E. Norman, 17th May, Saigon 9th May, Rice—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

HONGKONG—STEAMERS.

Continued.
 GUTHRIE, British steamer, 1,404, N. Shannon, 17th May, Kobe 6th May, General—Russell & Co.
 HAILONG, British steamer, 756, J. Roach, 15th May, Tamsui 11th May, Amoy 12th, and Swatow 14th, General—D. Laprak & Co.
 JAPAN, British steamer, 1,885, J. G. Offlent, 13th May, Calcutta 26th April, and Singapore 6th May, Opium and General—D. Sassoon, Sons & Co.
 LANCELOT, British steamer, 1,664, J. Thomas, 10th May, Saigon 6th May, Rice and Paddy—Arnhold, Karberg & Co.
 MENMUT, British steamer, 1,287, H. Craig, 15th May, Sydney 23rd April, Townsville 28th, Cooktown 29th, Thursday Island 1st May, and Port Darwin 5th, Coal and General—Russell & Co.
 NAMO, British steamer, 863, Goddard, 13th May, Fookow 10th May, Amoy 11th, and Swatow 12th, General—D. Laprak & Co.
 POLLUX, German str., 898, H. Hellmers, 17th May, Saigon 8th May, Rice and Paddy—Melchers & Co.
 POLYPHEMUS, British steamer, 1,813, Wm. Lee, 13th May, Liverpool 26th March, and Singapore 6th May, General—Butterfield & Swire.
 PROLOS, German steamer, 1,050, H. Johannesen, 15th May, Saigon 9th May, Rice and Paddy—Tung Kee & Co.
 SIAM, British steamer, 991, John M. Tulloch, 14th May, Saigon 10th May, Rice—Chee Bee & Co.
 STUTTGART, German steamer, 3,452, W. von Schuckmann, 14th May, Bremen 1st April, and Singapore 9th May, Mails and General—Melchers & Co.
 TA YEE, German steamer, 902, N. H. Emu, 13th May, Saigon 8th May, Rice—Meijer & Co.
 TERNAR, British steamer, 1,684, G. W. Hall, 13th May, Bombay 25th April, and Singapore 7th May, General—F. & O. S. N. Co.
 THISE, Austro-Hungarian steamer, 2,868, G. Costanzo, 14th May, Trieste, via Bombay 24th April, and Singapore 8th May, General—D. Sassoon, Sons & Co.
 TARTOS, German steamer, 1,346, J. Heier, 14th May, Weibach 8th May, Rice—Geo. R. Stevens & Co.
 TRIUMPH, German steamer, 674, J. Bruhn, 13th May, Pakhol, and Holbow 12th May, General—Ed. Schellhaas & Co.

SAILED VESSELS.
 ADOLPH OBRIG, American bark, 1,376, F. Carleton, 15th March, New York 31st August, Kerosene Oil—Restor, Brockmann & Co.
 ALTAIR, British bark, 309, J. Munro, 6th May, Tamsui 30th April, Coals—Wiel & Co.
 AUSTRIA, British bark, 1,105, Geo. N. Dakin, 30th April, New York 12th Nov., Kerosene Oil—Order.
 COLUMBUS, German ship, 1,428, L. Haesloop, 21st April, Singapore 20th March, Timber—Melchers & Co.
 DON JUSTO, American bark, 308, B. Neilson, 21st April, Singapore 28th Feb., Timber—Captain.

DOROTHA, German bark, 620, H. F. Moeller, 25th March, Hamburg 20th Oct., General—Slomson & Co.
 DOROTHY, British bark, 310, Angus Grant, 21st April, Flango 2nd April, Timber—Gibb, Livingston & Co.
 HYDRA, Danish bark, 786, C. Christensen, 26th April, Hamburg 31st December, General—Carlowitz & Co.
 KRISTINA, German bark, 280, C. J. Boyesen, 7th May, Taiwanfo 5th May, Sugar—Chinese.
 MARIE BRIG, German bark, 536, L. Hindrichs, 29th April, Singapore 26th March, Timber—Wiel & Co.

MCLAREN, American ship, 1,313, F. L. Oakes, 29th April, New York 30th November, Petroleum—Order.
 SARA MERKES, Peruvian schooner, 245, A. Munatiga, 4th July, Saigon 27th June, Rice—Captain.
 ST. JAMES, American ship, 1,487, W. D. Burnham, 28th April, Shanghai 21st April, Ballast—Russell & Co.
 VORING, Norwegian bark, 302, O. P. Larsen, 22nd April, Kei Island 17th March, Timber—Slomson & Co.

Intimations.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHIPMASTERS AND ENGINEERS are respectfully informed that, if upon their arrival in this Harbour some of the COMPANY'S FOREMEN should be at hand, ORDERS FOR REPAIRS, if sent to the HEAD OFFICE, No. 14, Praya Central, will receive prompt attention.

In the event of complaints being found necessary, communication with the Underigned is requested, when immediate steps will be taken to rectify the cause of dissatisfaction.

D. GILLIES, Secretary.

Hongkong, 27th August, 1891.

J. & R. HARVEY & CO., DUNDASHILL DISTILLERS, GLASGOW.

Established 1770.

SCOTCH WHISKIES.

Finest Pure Malt Scotch Whisky.

O.H.M. Old Highland Malt Whisky.

F.O.S. Fine Old Scotch Whisky.

V.O.S. Very Old Scotch Whisky.

Over one million Gallons produced annually.

For Prices and Samples, apply to

G. RENNIE STEWART, 15, D'AGUIAR STREET, HONGKONG.

Sole Agent for China and Japan.

Hongkong, 28th August, 1890.

NOTICE.

JEY'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS COMPANY, LIMITED.

JEY'S WOOD PRESERVER OR ANTISEPTIC PAINT.

THE Underigned have this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS, and are prepared to supply quantities to suit purchasers, at Wholesale Prices, Extra Special terms for Shipping and large Orders.

Sir ROBERT RAWLINSON, C.B., C.E., Chief Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board, London, says

"It is the best Disinfectant in use."

W. G. HUMPHREYS & CO., Bank Buildings.

Hongkong, 19th June, 1890.

Intimations.



Agents in Hongkong: A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD. DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, LTD.

Guyot's Tar Solution
 Cures Colds, Coughs, Pulmonary Consumption, Whooping Cough, Catarrh of the bladder, etc. The best hygienic and preservative drink in hot climates in cases of Epidemics, Fevers, Cholera, etc. It destroys all bad germs in impure water.
 Doctors in all countries have used Guyot's Tar, to at once suppress the important services it renders. This preparation, I hope, soon to be universally popular.
 Prof. BAZIN, Head Doctor of St. Louis Hospital, Paris, says: "I have used Guyot's Tar, and I can assure you that it is a most valuable medicine."
 Agents in Hongkong: A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD. DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, LTD.

CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS.

(REGISTERED).

AN ANTISEPTIC PAINT for the Preservation of Wood, Walls, Ropes and Ship's Tackle. May be applied to Beams, Floors, Walls, Ceilings, Wooden Ornament, Eaves, Roofs, Wooden Sheds, Fences and Gardeners' implements, Carts, Posts, Fences, Stables, Gates, Bridges, Boats, and all Timber underground.

Effectually excludes all dampness from walls painted with it and entirely prevents the crumbling away and decay of both stone and bricks.

White ants do not touch wood painted with Carbolineum Avenarius.

Used during the last 14 years with the utmost success, as proved by numerous Testimonials from living authorities.

Sold in casks of about 450 lbs. net. Price 8 cents per lb.

For further particulars, apply to

SCHIELE & Co., Sole Agents.

No. 16, Stanley Street.

Hongkong, 2nd December, 1890.

HONGKONG TIMBER YARD, WANCHAI.

Always on Hand.

Wanchai, 2nd June, 1891.

S I E N T I N G.

SURGEON DENTIST.

No. 10, D'AGUIAR STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE.

Consultation free.

Hongkong, 18th March, 1901.

DENTISTRY.

FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP

AND

MODERATE FEES.

M. R. WONG TAI-FONG,

Surgeon Dentist.

(Formerly articled Apprentice and latterly assistant to Dr. ROGERS).

HAS REMOVED

TO

THE MARINE HOUSE,

QUEEN'S ROAD,

(next to the Telegraph Companies).

CONSULTATION FREE.

Hongkong, 7th March, 1891.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

HONGKONG DERBY, 1892.

THE WEIGHTS for the above RACE will be weight for inches, not for lbs. as heretofore.

E. H. GORE-BOOTH,

Clerk of the Course,

Hongkong, 17th March, 1891.

NOTICE.

GRIFFITH'S PHOTOGRAPHIC ROOMS

1, Ice House Road are suitably lighted to produce all styles of Portraiture in any weather.

CABINETS FROM \$5 a dozen.

CARTES DE VISITE FROM \$3 a dozen.

LIFE SIZED BUSTS in Colour, or Black & White.

IVORY MINIATURES, &c., &c.

NEW VIEWS OF HONGKONG and the Coast Ports are always ready.

Hongkong, 24th September, 1890.

NOTICE.

THE SHAMEN HOTEL AND LAND COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE OFFICE of the above named Company has been temporarily REMOVED to

No. 5, PEDDER'S HILL,

where all communications respecting the Company's business should be addressed.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

R. FRASER-SMITH, Chairman.

Hongkong, 4th May, 1891.

To be Let.

TO LET.

NO. 9, 11, & 13, SEYMOUR TERRACE.
 HOUSE in Pokfulam Road, "Nallah Side."
 ROOMS in College Chambers
 No. 4, OLD BAILLY STREET.
 OFFICES and CHAMBERS in Connaught House, Queen's Road Central.
 OFFICES in Waike Road Buildings.
 No. 2, PEDDER'S HILL.
 Apply to:
 DAVID SASSOON, SONS & CO.,
 Hongkong, 1st May, 1891.

TO LET.

NO. 25 & 27, ELGIN STREET, behind the Old Union Church.
 Apply to:
 ACHEE & Co.,
 Hongkong, 25th February, 1891.

TO LET.

BAHAR LODGE, THE PEAK.
 R. B. LOT No. 59.
 THIS desirable residence with Gas laid on to be Let Furnished or Unfurnished.
 Apply to:
 HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.
 Hongkong, 12th May, 1891.

TO BE LET SHORTLY.

AN exceedingly comfortable and cool 6 ROOMED HOUSE.
 Apply to:
 THE SECRETARY,
 Humphreys Estate & Finance Co., Ltd.

TO BE LET OR SOLD.

On favourable terms, with immediate Possession.
 EIGHT HOUSES at "Mountain View," Peak District, near Plunkett's Gap. If sold, part of the Purchase money can remain on Mortgage.
 Apply to:
 JOHN A. JUPP,
 38 & 40, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, 10th April, 1891.

THE KOWLOON LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

TO LET.

KNUTSFORD TERRACE, KOWLOON.
 HOUSES with 5 ROOMS, including Bath-rooms, Tennis Courts, Good view and Healthy situation. Rent and Taxes \$32 a month.
 Apply to:
 THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.
 Hongkong, 24th March, 1891.

TO LET.

With immediate Possession.
 No. 17, PRAYA CENTRAL.
 OFFICES—above Messrs. Douglas, Laprak & Co.'s Premises.<